

THE DAILY NEWS
RALEIGH, N. C.

VOL. IX. NO. 155.

PRICE: FIVE CENTS.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1876.

THE MAIL.
For the benefit of the public we publish the following directory of the post offices of the city: (grouped in columns.)

Western Mailbox..... 115 A. M.
Eastern " arrives..... 222 P. M.
Chatham " arrives..... 115 A. M.
R. G. R. R. Mail ch. 115 A. M.
Through Northern via R. G. R. R. 9:30 A. M.
R. G. R. arrives..... 115 A. M.
Through Northern via R. G. R. 9:30 A. M.
R. G. R. arrives..... 115 A. M.
Through Northern via Goldsboro 9:30 P. M.
Through Northern via Goldsboro arrives..... 115 A. M.

Office hours for delivering mails from 7:30 A. M. to 6:30 P. M.

Money orders are issued and paid from 8:30 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.

Letters can be registered from 8:30 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.

Office hours on Sat. or 4:30 P. M. to 5:30 P. M.

W. M. WOOLLCOTT'S
GROCERS.

OPEN FRONT STORE,

Wilmington Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Retail Price List:

Covered Hams, 18 cents per pound.
Bulk Shoulders, 10 " "
Side Meat, 12 " "
Meat 20 cents per peck.
Corn 20 cents per peck.
Oats 15 cents per peck.
Best Rio Coffee at 25 cents per pound.
Common Coffee at 20 cents " "
Roasted Coffee at 30 cents " "
Ground Coffee 25 and 35 cents per pound.
Best Flour at 15 cents per pound.
Good Flour at 14 cents a pound.
Sifted, 75 cents a pound.
Hominy at 5 cents a pound.
A Sugar at 13½ cents a pound.
Light Brown Sugar at 12½ cents a pound.
Crushed Sugar at 14 cents a pound.
Granulated Sugar at 11 cents per pound.
Fowl at 5 cents a bar.
4 " 10 cents a pound.
Crackers, 12½ cents per pound.
Cuba Molasses at 50 cents a gallon.
Common Molasses 40 cents a gallon.
Bright Syrup at 20 cents a gallon.
Herrings at 20 cents a dozen.
Mulletts at 10 cents a pound.
Mackerel at 10 cents a pound.
Rumford's Yeast Powders at 15 cents a bottle.
Sardines, 20 cents a box.
Black Tea at 50 cents and 51 per pound.
Green Tea at \$1.50 per pound.
Pure Lard, 16½ cents a pound.
Spices of all kinds.
Tobacco of all grades.
Cheese 20 cents a pound.
Butter at 35 cents a pound.
GOODS DELIVERED FREE OF
CHARGE in any portion of the city.

TERMS: C. O. D.

on 22-14

800 LBS. SOUTHAMPTON
HAMS.

1,000 lbs. Lord Baltimore Hams.

1,000 lbs. Thin Breakfast Strips.

Bacon and Bulk Shoulders.

One Car Load Canton Syrup.

One Car Load Cuba Molasses.

Fresh Gloucester Cream Cheese.

Fresh Goshen Butter.

1000 lbs. Lord Baltimore Hams.

French or aged of negroes in
Franklin county than
I could keep him.

New No. 34c. leather Barre s.

N. C. cut and Roe Herrings.

One Car Load Best oat Meal.

50 Sacks Java, Costa Rica and Laguyna

Coffee.

Prime Medium and Common Rio Coffee.

200 Bar eis Flour, all grades.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

HAMMILL & WEIR,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS,

DEALERS IN

Marble and Stone Work, Lime, Rosendale
and Roman Cement, Hair, Laths, and
MANUFACTURES OF BRICK,
English Curbing at one-half usual cost;
paving stones and paving blocks; White
and Carrare Blocks for a trifle more than
wood. All on our new stone. Estimates
and quotations given on application.

Office Fayetteville street, next to Sand-
wich building, Raleig, N. C.

THE CITY.

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST OF THE
DAILY NEWS IS LARGER THAN THAT OF
ANY OTHER DAILY IN THE STATE, AND
MORE THAN DOUBLE THAT OF ANY OTHER
DAILY IN RALEIGH. ADVERTISERS WILL
MAKE A NOTE OF THIS.

WEATHER REPORT.

For the South Atlantic States, slightly
lower barometer, southeast to Southwest
winds, and generally warmer, clear or
partly cloudy weather are probable.

Brooklyn Lodge of Good Templars
meets to-night.

Mrs. Beckwith has leased the Central
Hotel and will move to-day.

A capable printer of twelve years'
experience, wants a situation. Adver-
tisement in another column.

Mr. J. Higgs moved, yesterday, into
the late stand of Wm. Allcott, on
Fayetteville street, near the Yarbo.

A fair and festival for the benefit of
one of the colored churches of the city,
was held last night, in the Market building,
third story.

A party of fifteen from Pittsboro
and ten from Sanford, expect to pass
through this city next Tuesday, en route
for the Centennial.

The revival of religion continues
at Ebenezer church. Rev. Mr. Thompson
and Rev. Mr. Meacham conducted the
exercises, yesterday.

The community is sitting back on its
haunches, now, chewing tobacco and
talking politics, and waiting for the ad-
vent of the cotton season.

Misses Jo. Mullen, Pomp. Bryan
and Chas. Howard, have gone to the
Centennial.

F. H. Busbee, Esq., has returned
from Philadelphia and New York, and
expects to begin the canvass
with his competitor, Ike Strayhorn,
about the 15th of September.

Rev. W. C. Norman, pastor of Person
Street M. E. Church, is absent
from the city.

Col. W. H. H. Tucker and neices,
arrived safely in New York city, on
Tuesday.

North Carolina's Wealth.

The forthcoming report of the Auditor,
to which we have alluded several
times, of late, will contain a statement
showing the value of real and personal
property in the State, including horses,
mules, jacks, jennies, goats, cattle, hogs
and sheep, farming utensils, &c., money on
hand or on deposit, solvent credits, stock
in incorporated companies, goods,
wares and merchandise, other personal
property, and railroad franchise, as
per return to the department
named, for the year ending September
30, 1875.

A gentleman was attacked with
vertigo, last evening, as he went home
from his place of business, and fell as he
reached the porch of his residence. The
family was, of course, considerably
alarmed, and a physician was speedily
sent for, who discovered that the ailment
was slight and its effects would only be
temporarily.

Professor of Natural History in the University.

The Executive Committee of the
University have been looking about
for some weeks to find a Professor
competent to teach *practically*, Zoology,
Botany, Geology, Mineralogy, &c., in other words, NATURAL HISTORY.
They have found him in the person of Prof. W. H. Smith, late of
the University of Michigan, who has
made these studies a specialty, and has
a reputation for great proficiency
in them.

The University of Michigan has a
high character with its extensive
numerous and learned Professors, for
turning out men skilled in the
branches relating to Agriculture, and
as we hear that Prof. Smith is
young, enthusiastic, and a hard worker,
we look for a new departure in
this direction at our University.

The Graded School.

There are now upon the rolls of the
Graded School, 406 pupils, though the
number in attendance is not so great
as this. A great want which the
school will soon feel, is that of a
furnace with which to heat the building,
and how this is to be gotten, is a question.

The young idea can't shoot
when it is freezing, and the Pierian
spring isn't worth a cent when its
waters are imbibed through chattering
teeth. This being the case, some
gentlemen who has a number of them
lying around loose, and who wishes
to distinguish himself and "do the
state some service," would greatly
add to the bodily comfort of a
ten-acre lot of soon-to-be trembling
urchins, if he would "ante up" with a
furnace.

The Taxes.

The tax books are in the hands of
the Sheriff, who is now ready to have
the people come forward and settle.
He expects the people of the city to
come to his office and pay their
taxes. He will make three tours of
the county, calling upon these people
for their taxes. The first, will probably
be the latter part of September
or first of October, but in this the
Sheriff will accommodate himself to
the county candidates. It may be
well to say, in this connection, that
very few of the merchants have made
their returns of the purchase tax
levied upon them, and if this is not
done speedily, there may be indict-
ments against them at the next term
of court.

Send your job work to the News
ob office.

Personal.

Gov. Vance left for Charlotte, yester-
day morning, and Judge Settle for
Magnolia.

Hon. D. G. Fowle left on the Western
bound train, yesterday morning, with
Gov. Vance. He has an engagement
to speak to-morrow at Charlotte, upon the occasion of
the raising of a Tilden and Vance flag in
that city. He won't address a more
intelligent, a more appreciative, or in
any sense a finer audience than the legal profes-
sion.

An action on the official bond of
the Register of Deeds, for issuing a
license to many a girl under eighteen
years of age, without the written con-
sent of her father or mother, cannot be
mainained. The remedy of the plaintiff
is either by Indemnity, or an action for damage against the
Register of Deeds individually.

Mores v. Ray. (Holt v. McLean.)

A contract, void for illegality of
consideration, secured by a bond to
pay money, is not cured by the sub-
stitution of a new bond.

The journal on him, he will be.

He has said nothing since then, of taking
away the people's rights. It is said that
if the people who know him
could hear him up there, they would
hardly recognize him. He very rarely
alludes to Vance, and then only to
speak well of him, while Capt. Jarvis
gives Settle half columbus on his
habeas corpus record.

One who has been adjudged a
bankrupt, may maintain an action in
his own name, upon a promissory
note, which has been assigned to him
as a part of his personal property ex-
emption, under the 14th section of
the Bankrupt Act.

A verbal promise made by a bank-
rupt, after he has received his certi-
ficate of discharge, to pay a note there-
fore executed by him, is valid and binding.

Henry v. Sanier.

Advised as follows: "I give to

Chloe D. and husband, and Catherine

H. and husband, and Alfred D.

and wife, ***, &c., my tract of land,

called ***, &c.; the said Chloe and

husband and Catherine and husband

and Alfred D. wife to hold their

part of said land during their lives,

and then to go to their children: " Held,

that only the children of Catherine

H. begotten by Henry H.,

the children of Chloe D., begotten by

David D., and the children of Alfred D.

by his then wife, were entitled

under the will, and not the children

of said parties generally.

Chloe Davenport and others, ex parte.

Owners of executors bequests and other
contingent interests, cannot recover damages for waste already
committed. They are entitled, how-
ever, to have their interest protected
from threatened waste or destruction
by injunctive relief.

Gordon v. Lowther.

A creditor has the right to subject
the land *itself* of his deceased debtor
to the satisfaction of his debt, al-
though there has been partition
among the heirs. And one of the
heirs cannot discharge his share of
the land by offering to pay *his part*
of the debt, or the amount at which
it was assessed to him in the parti-
tion.

Hinton v. Whitworth.

A party may be compelled to attend
court, and be examined in behalf of a
co-plaintiff, or a co-defendant, "as to
any matter in which he is not jointly
interested, reliable," &c.; and in such
case he is entitled to pay as a witness.

Penny v. Brink & Estes.

A son is allowed to fight only in
the necessary defence of his father;
and to excuse himself, he must plead
and show, that his father would have
been beaten, had he, the son, not in-
terfered. If a father and his adver-
sary are engaged in a fight on equal
terms, the son's interference is not
justifiable.

State v. Johnson.

After a defendant has entered a de-
fense to an action of ejectment, he
cannot be permitted to allege that
others are also in possession with
him, and have the title and the sole
possession. If such defendant meant
to disavow any possession in himself,
he should not have entered any de-
fense.

McClellan v. McLeod.

Hard cider was abundant at the
speaking at Pittsboro last Monday,
and opposition was so strong that,
through "cutting rates," the beverage
fell in price. One old darkey had
bought a barrel to make his fortune
on. He paid 20 cents a gallon for it,
and sold it at 5 cents per quart,
with a "taste," as they call it, thrown
in. At night, when he came to count
up profits and losses, he found that
he had four dollars in greenbacks and
one dollar in silver. His cider had
cost him six dollars, and his money,
of course, would not hold out, but as
he had a silver dollar, he concluded
that it's value was more than enough
to make up the deficit, so he said that
"he's had made that dollar clear, an'
he was gwine for to look it up in his
own chist, so dat de bosses ob de
Freedmen's Bank couldnt git it
away him no how."

Excursion to Ridgeway.

Capt. J. W. Horton will run an ex-
cursion from Raleigh to Ridgeway
on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad
next Sunday, leaving here at 7 o'clock
a. m., and arriving at Ridgeway about
10:30, and returning, leave Ridgeway at 3:30 and arrive here at 7
p. m. Separate cars will be provided
for white and colored. This will afford
business men and others an op-
portunity to breathe a little fresh air
in the country, and we have no doubt
many will take advantage of it. Fare
for the round trip, \$1.

Rumor of Another Church.

It is rumored that there is a pro-
ject on foot to build a Second Pres-
byterian Church in this city. If it
is built, it will be in

THE DAILY NEWS.

The Official Organ of the City.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 31, 1876.

THE RALEIGH NEWS,
PUBLISHED
IN THE NEWS BUILDING,
No. 5, Martin Street.

TERMS:

ADVERTISING RATES.—Per square (ten lines, Nonpareil) first insertion \$1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.00. Contracts for advertisements of any space or time can be made at the News counting-rooms.

CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business, except by paying specially for the same.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Daily, one year, \$5.00; six months, \$3.00; three months, \$2.00. Weekly, one year, \$1.00; six months, 75 cents. Invariably in advance.

CIRCULATION.—THE DAILY NEWS is the largest daily circulation in the State, and over double the circulation of any other daily in Raleigh.

The combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly NEWS is nearly 5,000, and reaches more readers than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—Each subscriber will see plainly printed on the yellow label, which his name is printed, the date when his subscription will expire. Subscribers desiring to renew will do so in time and avoid losing any copy of the paper. Any subscriber failing to receive a copy of his paper will confer a favor by notifying this office.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

All Communications should be addressed, simply

THE NEWS, Raleigh, N. C.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
THOS. A. HENDRICKS,
OF INDIANA.

ELECTORS:
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE,
DANIEL G. FOWLER, of Wake,
JAMES G. LEACH, of Davidson.

1ST DIST.—LOUIS C. LATHAM, of Pitt.
2ND DIST.—J. R. WOOTEN, of General
Dist.—JOHN D. COOPER, of Davidson.
3RD DIST.—FABIUS H. BUBBEN, of Wake.
4TH DIST.—F. C. ROBBINS, of Davidson.
5TH DIST.—R. A. MEYER, of Mecklenburg.
6TH DIST.—W. M. B. CLARK, of Mecklenburg.
7TH DIST.—A. C. AVERY, of Burke.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR:
ZEBULON B. VANCE,
OF MECKLENBURG.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS J. JARVIS,
OF PITTS.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
JOSEPH A. ENGLEHARD,
OF NEW HANOVER.

FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL:
THOMAS S. KENAN,
OF WILSON.

FOR PUBLIC TREASURER:
J. M. WORTH,
OF RANDOLPH.

FOR PUBLIC AUDITOR:
SAMUEL L. LOVE,
OF HAYWOOD.

FOR SUPT. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
J. C. SCARBOROUGH,
OF JOHNSTON.

FOR CONGRESS:
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
OF FRANKLIN.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN OTHER DISTRICTS:

1ST DIST.—JESSE J. YEATES, of Hertford.
3RD DIST.—ALFRED M. WADDELL, of
New Hanover.
5TH DIST.—J. SCALES, of Guilford.
6TH DIST.—W. L. STEELE, of Richmond.
7TH DIST.—W. M. ROBIN, of Iredell.
8TH DIST.—R. B. VANCE, of Buncombe.

Our subscribers will greatly oblige us by giving prompt information of any delay in receiving their papers.

VANCE to-day encounters some of the same "dexterous appliances of unprincipled partisans" that he met in 1863; and partisans now, as then, traduce his principles and slander his name.

If the white men of North Carolina wish their wives to visit a neighbor or their daughters to go to a country school unmolested by negro brutes, they must vote for white men to rule the State.

DR. WHEELER, Republican candidate for State Treasurer together with about 1,500 other citizens, on the 26th of August, 1873, endorsed in flattering terms, "the firm and patriotic course of Gov. Vance."

We had a notion that the war was over until Judge Settle began his canvass. It would not surprise us any day to see him put on his war-dress, draw his sword, and strut around to find somebody to drum out of camp.

There is more incendiarism, more rape, and more robbery, going on than was ever known before in North Carolina. The increase of crime is the logical result of the inflammatory teachings and evil influence of the bad Radicals upon the negro population.

THE Springfield (Mass.) Republican, an independent paper says: "Messrs. Hayes and Wheeler are indebted for their good fortune—if it is good fortune—to two things. Personally all that is upright and amiable, they have not made themselves offensive to the honest men of the country; and they have done nothing to earn the ill-will and dread of the thieves."

THE COUNTRY'S PERIL.

Ever since General Grant, says an able contemporary, was first made President, it has been evident that he looked upon the position as something that was his due, on account of services rendered to the country. His taste of power has engendered such a desire for its continuance, that he was greatly annoyed when he found it impossible to secure a third term. All his actions have been concealed and carried out with supreme contempt for the wishes or the interests of the people who placed him where he is. He has exercised his authority as a despot, who was far removed from responsibility to any one for what he did, and he looked for third term to establish his power upon a permanent basis. According to his idea, the people were made to obey and he to govern.

The third term being out of the question, it remained to devise a plan by which the apocryphal ambitions designs might be carried out with another in the presidential chair. Everything was therefore done to defeat Blaine's aspirations for the succession. He would be President *de facto* as well as *de jure*, and would therefore not do. A lucky hit was made in the choice of Governor Hayes. He would be pliable enough and sufficiently easy to manage. Indeed, he was just the man, and now that Grant so sees it, he is straining every nerve to secure his election.

Hayes' success can only be obtained through the work of Grant's civil advisers. If this is achieved he will be supported in his position by the same men. They will control and he will do as they decree. Then either Sherman will be removed and Grant put in his place, or the command will be divided, and Grant given rank and authority equal to Sherman. He will be in full accord with the men who have pledged themselves to his designs, and together they will, under the cloak of Hayes, apply to the whole country the same principles of government as are now enforced upon the South. The plan will work much better when it can be carried out ostensibly under the orders of another.

The people, who do not wish to undergo another bitter struggle to release their country from the iron grasp of a military despotism, must be up and working now. If Governor Tilden be not the next President of the United States, it may be a long time before the ballot shall again decide who shall occupy the seat of Government.

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE EAST.

We present several letters from the eastern section of the State, showing the political prospects in that quarter, the work that has been done, &c. Many of the counties east of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad have been thoroughly canvassed by Jarvis, Engelhard, Kenan, Wooten, Latham and others. They have done splendid work. Large crowds have attended the speakings; an intense enthusiasm has been aroused; and we can safely say that the Democratic strength in the East has been augmented.

Greater interest in a canvass has never been manifested. People have turned out, who from one cause and another have stayed away from the polls since the war. Numbers who despaired of the country have been induced to come out and take a hand in the work of redemption; and we are reliably informed that many converts from Radicalism may be set down as some of the immediate fruits of the arguments, appeals, and eloquence of Kenan, Engelhard, Jarvis, and others who have taken the stump for Reform.

There can be hardly a reasonable doubt entertained now that the counties above referred to will give an increased Democratic vote over that polled in 1872. No people in North Carolina are so deeply and vitally interested in the result of the election as the white citizens of those counties where negroes predominate; and they cannot be too active or earnest in their efforts to supplement the labor of Jarvis, Kenan, Engelhard, Wooten, Stanford and Latham.

A GIRL'S TRIBUTE TO VANCE.

The enthusiasm of the people for Zebulon B. Vance and for the noble cause he represents is already beginning to find vent in rhymes and songs. The poetical spirit of a little thirteen year old girl caught fire in Jonesboro the other day, when she heard the familiar, and thrice welcome voice of our next Governor, ringing upon the air; and she dashed off the following creditable verses for one so young:

Hark! what sound is this we hear?
Falling sublimely on the ear?
Tis the voice of Carolina's son,
Who has so many laurels won.

What! canst thou this man pierce?
The cause of virtue we so much need.
In this man behold the candidate
For the office of Governor of the Old Noth State.

Hark! this voice is as sublime
As it came from a summer's balm;
It speaks of freedom, love, and peace,
From Radical Government save release.

The voice of Z. B. Vance we hear,
Let the lovers of sound Government come near:

He'll tell you about the Radical work
In the horrible war of Col. Kirk.
And now who is this other man?
Vance will tell you, for he can.

He was of the Judges one
When Col. Kirk's war began.

The Judiciary to this war gave aid
And sanctioned all Col. Kirk said.
The sufferers asked to be relieved.

The Judiciary is exhausted, was the an-
swer they received.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The colored men of Mississippi are rapidly organizing Tilden and Hendricks Clubs. That's the kind of intimidating weapon to win with.

The Southern States have been robbed and plundered to such an extent that it is impossible for a large number of them to redeem or even pay the interest on their securities. The remedy of Grant and the Republican party is to put the troops in marching order.

Hartford Times: The border settler's are to be left to the tomahawk and scalping knife," and the troops are to be sent into the Southern States to manage the elections. Conservative people will be likely to ask whether such a party is the proper one to control a free government.

Hartford Times: No wonder the people are poor. No wonder trade is stagnant. Our resources have been drained and wasted in riotous living. Over three billions, three hundred and six millions of dollars vanished in the conduct of the Government for the last ten years of peace.

The prospect for the Democracy in the New England States brightens daily. The people are beginning to appreciate fully where the responsibility for unoccupied labor and capital rests, and are determined to make a united effort to put the country again on the road to prosperity.

The fates are against the radical candidates. Here is the light and shade of the two tickets, as suggested by the initials:

Shall Justice Triumph?
Truth And Honesty.
Ruin Beyond Hope.
Worse And Worse.

Indianapolis Sentinel: The arrant hypocrisy of the leaders of the radical party is systematically appealing to the passions and prejudices of men, in order to cover up their scandalous management of the Government during the present administration, is so open and barefaced as to excite the utter contempt of all thinking men.

Judge James Buchanan, for many years prominent in political and legal life in Baltimore, died of paralysis on Wednesday last at Berkeley Springs, W. Va., aged seventy-four. He had held many public trusts, both State and National; was post-master at Baltimore during the term of President Polk, and Minister to Denmark during that of President Buchanan.

The head and front of the Republican party of North Carolina, Ex-Gov. W. W. Holden, during the war called on the authorities to raise the whole male population, and said, "put them in the militia if they won't volunteer; drill them until their legs get limber; blow the fife, beat the drum, and rouse their latent courage, if they have any."

The Democrats of Johnston have placed this admirable ticket in the field: For the Senate, L. R. Waddell; for the House, H. J. Ryals and Dr. Farquard Smith. Col. Waddell was in the last Senate from Johnston; and made a good record. He is one of the strongest men before the people in his section of the State.

THE VANCE Proclamation against deserters, was dated May 11, 1863. The Forsythe Resolutions were adopted August 26, 1863—three months later. From 1,200 to 1,500 people were present. Dr. W. H. Wheeler made an eloquent speech on the occasion; and of course endorsed the proceedings.

THE Republicans charge that Capt. W. H. Crawford, of Rowan, Democratic candidate for Senator, voted in the Legislature of 1864 to conscript all State officers. Well, if he did, he was only trying to carry out the idea of the man who said the "whole safety of the South was confined in five letters—F I G H T."

THE Republicans say Major L. C. Latham, Democratic Elector in the First District, voted in the Legislature of 1864 to conscript all State officers. If that be so it is easily accounted for. Maj. Latham wanted able-bodied men like Solicitor Settle, sent to the front to fight for our imperiled country.

THE Republicans charge that Capt. W. H. Crawford, of Rowan, Democratic candidate for Senator, voted in the Legislature of 1864 to conscript all State officers. Well, if he did, he was only trying to carry out the idea of the man who said the "whole safety of the South was confined in five letters—F I G H T."

Persons furnishing lumber can have it dressed in the best style and at low rates. Cash orders solicited. Apply to

RUFUS H. PAGE,
West end of Edenton street.

I am with Mr. Page and will be pleased to see all my friends, with the assurance that my best efforts will be used to give them entire satisfaction

Aug. 3-3m H. VAUGHAN.

At Gattis & Jones' Store,
53 Fayetteville street.

au 5

53 Fayetteville street.</

THE DAILY NEWS.

THURSDAY..... AUGUST 31, 1876.

THE WEEKLY NEWS is the cheapest paper published in North Carolina. It is only one dollar per year, postage paid, contains 32 columns of plain printed news from every section of the country, and important advertisements. *Always Cash.*

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Campaign in the East—Letter from Lenoir.

KINSTON, N. C. August 1876.

Mr. *Editor*:—While much of the space in the columns of your valuable paper has been devoted to correspondents, who have written most encouragingly from all parts of the Old North State, very little has been said on the political prospects in our immediate section, especially the county of Lenoir. That there is as much enthusiasm with us, and as great a desire to get rid of Radicalism, no one who was here on the 10th inst. (when three of our very able speakers and orators, viz: Hon. T. J. Jarvis, Maj. Englehardt and Kenan,) can doubt. We had never before witnessed so much interest in a political speaking here, as was manifested on that day, by the people of this county, many of whom have been voting the Republican ticket or not.

Of the negroes in this county, after hearing Jarvis' speech, invited all of his party to vote for him, and publicly declared that he should do the same.

There were many negroes present but not the slightest inclination among them to create a disturbance. In fact they seemed to be deeply impressed with the astonishing facts put forth by the speakers whose arguments were so plain and yet so forcible that every hearer learned more of the corruption of the Republican party than they had before been inclined to believe.

Since the meeting above referred to, the Republicans have had one and had Gov. Broden and Mr. Hargrove with them. It was announced that they would be here on 17th inst., and preparations made accordingly.

So at the appointed time and place they were introduced to about 300 negroes, a dozen white office-holders and 25 Democrats who stood at a respectable distance. Mr. Hargrove led off with the same speech he made here four years ago. He began by trying to inflame the passions of the negroes against their former owners, and just as he was making one of his bitterest appeals, the stage which had been prepared for our speakers, fell to the ground. This, of course, "threw a coldness over the meeting," which was greatly increased by the screams of an old colored woman, who was badly hurt, if not permanently injured, by being caught under the corner of the stage on which his Excellency was seated. Mr. Hargrove was much embarrassed by the confusion and suggested that the negroes with horns should blow a little; after which performance he rallied his crowd and proceeded to fight the proposed amendments, and I can assure you, it was a fruitless endeavor.

He was followed by the man who commenced his language by saying that "through the kind protection of God he had become Governor." His speech was very bitter and I suppose, according to the length of it, contained less truth than any other we will hear this campaign. As their crowd was almost entirely negroes they did not fail to try to impress upon them that Gov. Vance was the white man's candidate.

This argument, which will not be denied was the most truthful that they made, but we are determined that he shall be the people's Governor.

Their vote will be greatly decreased here, Broden and Hargrove will do no good wherever they go.

Yours respectfully,

CONSERVATIVE.

Letter from Nash.

WHITAKER'S, N. C., Aug. 19, '76.

Mr. *Editor*:—As the circulation of your paper is increasing here a few lines from this section may not prove entirely uninteresting. A Tilden and Vance Club has been organized here, and is in good working order. A spirit of enthusiasm seems to permeate the bosom of almost every honest man, and we recognize fully the fact that no State or National contest has been more far-reaching in its consequences, but the signs of the times are promising, and even here we believe point unmistakably to the largest Democratic vote old Edgecombe has given in years. It is a source of consolation to be able to chronicle such news from this place, a little place whose fair name has been blackened by the commission of three or four of the foulest and most horrid murders in the annals of North Carolina history.

There is a record a record a record of but in every single instance committed by negroes and members of the Radical party, though as white men were the victims Gen. Grant nor his friend Belknap has seen no need of federal bayonets here.

We hope that the officials will see to it that no 18 or 20 year old boys vote in the coming election. The election will be borne out by almost every intelligent man in this community, the conservative party.

Age of negroes 18.

old keep of his pigs, he does not some legislation providing for a general record of births would not be out of place. The purity of the ballot box, and its future protection, entitle this matter to some consideration.

We are delighted down here at the brilliant canvass our leader is making among the hills of the West. We promise to work here. We believe the north is at work. And now, men of the west, meet us in Raleigh in November, with your biggest effort, and we will shake hands over the grandest achievement of this centennial year—the election of Samuel J. Tilden and Zebulon B. Vance. J.

Letter from Edgecombe.

TARBORO, N. C., Aug. 25, 1876.

Mr. *Editor*:—The political horizon in this country grows brighter every hour. Not a day passes but that we hear of new accessions to the ranks of the grand army of Re-enchantment and Reform, whose forces are marshalling for the glorious victory which we will surely achieve in November under the banner of Tilden and Hendricks and our beloved Vance!

Prominent Radicals of long standing are coming out every day from among the hordes of prowling hungry hyenas, who seek to devastate our

land, and a number of them here joined our Tilden and Vance Club with the avowed determination of atoning by their future good works for the misery and want they have helped to create in the past. The sun of our prosperity is rising; and by the 7th of November his rays will cause the heart of every true Democrat to thrill with pleasure it has not known or felt for years.

Mr. R. H. Battle, Jr., of your city, addressed our club at its last meeting and delivered an effective and telling speech. Respectfully,

REFORM.

Col. H. M. Shaw.

OXFORD, N. C., Aug. 24, '76.

Mr. *Editor*:—The following article has been sent me. It was prepared by the editor of the *Biblical Recorder*, Rev. J. D. Huham, for his paper. As the error he corrects appears in the NEWS, I send it to you that the correction may be seen by your readers:

* * * Col. H. M. Shaw, a brave and conscientious officer and a gentleman of superior abilities, who was afterwards killed in the battle of Roanoke Island.—T. B. Kingbury, in *Daily News*.

"We think that the accomplished and usually accurate correspondent of the NEWS was nodding—as even the great Homer was said to do occasionally—while he wrote the sentence which we have quoted above. The tribute to Col. Shaw is merited, for he was a brave and valiant man, but he was not killed at Roanoke Island, in battle. It was during a reconnaissance between Kinston and New Bern, if we are not mistaken. There was no fighting or skirmishing. A single-shafted shooter, who had climbed a tree, fired at long range and shot the Col. through the head, killing him instantly. There was no other firing and no one else was hurt. We have a distinct recollection of Gen. Clinch's beautiful and touching announcement of Col. Shaw's death, and our impression is that the other facts are as we have stated above. However, our excellent friend will not rest until he gets the matter all straight, now that we have called his attention to it."

I am glad to be corrected. As I know that Col. Shaw was in the fight at Goldsboro, in December, 1863, I do not know how I came to think at the time I wrote that he fell at Roanoke Island. I had, however, forgotten the particulars of his death.

T. B. KINGBURY.

The Hargrove Speech—A Radical's Statements.

OXFORD, N. C., Aug. 28, 1876.

Mr. *Editor*:—I send a letter in your paper of the 28th inst., from Mr. Wm. A. Davis of this place in which he says that I was authority for saying that Col. Hargrove made the speech referred to by him in your paper of its same date in relation to "Lowery Gang." Now all that I want to say is that I did not inform Mr. Davis of any such speech, for Col. Hargrove did not make the speech referred to by Mr. Davis; and I informed Mr. Davis of the fact that Col. Hargrove did not make such a speech, at least six weeks ago and when I saw your paper, containing Mr. Davis' letter, last Saturday I called Mr. Davis up and asked him why he had written such a letter; that he knew I did not tell him any such thing; and Mr. Davis then and then stated publicly in the presence of Messrs. E. Puryear, J. H. Stegall, Hobgood, and others "that I was not his author; that some one else told him I told him I said that Col. Hargrove delivered such a speech.

Please insert the above as you have inserted Mr. D's letter and oblige,

Yours truly,

JAMES I. MOORE.

The Public Speaking in Forsyth—A Ringing Endorsement of Vance's Course in the War.

The Salem *Press* of August 27th 1862, contains the following:

In pursuance to previous notice a very large and respectable assemblage of citizens of Forsyth, and adjoining counties convened in the courthouse in Winston, on Wednesday, the 26th instant. The courthouse being in sufficient to accommodate the people, variously estimated at from 1,200 to 1,500, adjourned to the grove; and on motion of J. Boner, Esq., George W. Fu, Esq., was called to the chair, and John Blackburn, Esq., John H. White, D. F. Spach and John H. Nissen were appointed secretaries. Whereupon the chairman made a few suitable remarks, and called upon D. H. STARBUCK, who, in a few eloquent and appropriate remarks, explained the object of the meeting.

On motion, the chair appointed a committee of one from each captain's district to draft resolutions for the consideration of the meeting.

The committee having drafted resolutions, by request General James M. Leach, of Davidson, addressed the meeting in one of his most eloquent and happy efforts.

Resolved, That the only safeguard to civil and religious liberty is the supremacy of the civil over the military power, and that the highest mode of praise is due to the Supreme Court, learned Chief Justice and other Judges, who, when the liberty of the citizen was in danger of being stricken down by the strong arm of military power, firmly and patriotically stood by the law and impartially administered justice to the weak and defenseless.

Resolved, That if ever military rule shall be resorted to control and subdue the civil authority of the state, then "liberty will end and despotism begin."

Resolved, That the only safeguard to civil and religious liberty is the supremacy of the civil over the military power, and that the highest mode of praise is due to the Supreme Court, learned Chief Justice and other Judges, who, when the liberty of the citizen was in danger of being stricken down by the strong arm of military power, firmly and patriotically stood by the law and impartially administered justice to the weak and defenseless.

Resolved, That the firm and patriotic course of GOVERNOR VANCE (which we warmly supported for that office) in upholding the judicial authorities and the civil power against the assumption of the military might with our hearty approval, and commands the united support of all good citizens; and that we have a firm faith in his conservatism, and that neither the fulsome flattery nor the deceitful praise nor the dexterous applications of unprincipled partisans who before his election traduced his principles and slandered his name, can serve him from his duty, nor even tempt him to the abandonment of his conservative principles or his friends.

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LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

THE DAILY NEWS IS THE ONLY PAPER IN RALEIGH THAT TAKES THE TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS, AND IS THE ONLY ONE THAT FURNISHES THE LATEST NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS.

NOON DISPATCHES.

FOREIGN.

A Resume of General Intelligence from Across the Waters.

VIENNA, Aug. 30.—It is stated that Prince Nicholas of Montenegro has informed Milan that he need not consider himself bound by the agreement made at the beginning of the war that neither should separately enter upon peace negotiations.

A council of ministers has been held at Constantinople to consider the peace proposals handed the Grand Vizier separately. Russia opposed the conditions that Servia should first sue directly for peace to the Porte but has abandoned that position.

BELGRADE, Aug. 30.—It is announced that diplomatic agents from their respective governments, declaring that they will take mediation into their own hands, and have directed the ambassadors how to proceed to stop hostilities.

PANAMA, Aug. 30.—The revolution in Colombia continues.

The President of Costa Rica has been overthrown and a provisional government established.

A Chinese riot recently occurred at Fragilia. An overseer was murdered by the Asiatics, some of whom the indigenous people shot.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Felician Cesar David, the well-known musician and composer, is dead.

MADEIRA, Aug. 30.—The Governor of Porto Rico has been officially notified of the royal decree ordering the issue of indemnity bonds to the owners of liberated slaves.

The Emperor of Brazil is shortly expected here. During his sojourn he will be received into membership of the society of political economy. King Alfonso will preside at the reception.

A Depot Burned and a Quantity of Freight with it.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30th.—The Day Short Line Railroad depot and contents, were destroyed by fire this morning. The fire originated among a lot of coal oil barrels. The depot was a brick building, four hundred feet by eighty, valued at \$25,000. An unusually large amount of freight was stored in the building, principally for merchants of his city. The loss on freight was \$150,000 to \$200,000 upon which there was very little if any insurance. As the law makes railroad companies responsible for goods stored in freight houses only for a period of twenty-four hours, a large part of the loss will fall upon consignees, most of the freight having been stored for two or three days.

Unprovoked Outrage in Louisiana.

MONROE, LA., Aug. 30.—This city and vicinity are excited over the firing into several residences and an attempt to kill a planter living below here. Several white families from the vicinity are here for safety. There is no cause for this outrage, which throws the whole parish into excitement. Appeal has been made to a volunteer company here for assistance.

Assembling of the New York Democratic Convention.

SARATOGA, Aug. 30.—The Democratic State Convention assembled at noon. The hall was handsomely decorated, and much good feeling was manifested. Many spectators were present. Rufus W. Peckham was chosen temporary chairman, and addressed the Convention.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Mail Committee Organized—Blacksmiths in the Government Printing Office to Tramp—The Name of a Soldier—Getting Away with the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The Mail Transportation Committee organized, to-day, with Gardiner H. Hubbard President, and Geo. A. Bassett, Secretary.

Public Printer Clapp has issued a circular ordering the discharge of all whom the foremen of the several branches find deficient as skillful workmen.

The person who committed suicide at the Orange Mountain House, N. J., Saturday, was Claude L. Avenstine, formerly apothecary to the navy on the steamer Monongahela.

Although no recent intelligence has been received at army headquarters concerning the movements of Crook and Terry, it is believed that their operations against the hostile Sioux will be ultimately successful, in respect that the country in which the Indians now are, affords but little support and they may disperse into small bands. But the troops are so disposed as to render them powerless for mischief. Since the Custer massacre, temporary military posts and depots for supplies have been established, which will aid materially military operations and hem in the savages from escape. Recruiting is progressing satisfactorily, and in a short time, all the men authorized will be obtained.

NEW YORK!

The Democratic State Convention.

Ringing Utterances in the Resolutions.

HORATIO SEYMOUR NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION.

SARATOGA, Aug. 30.—When Horatio's name was called, there was applause. The usual committee was appointed and recess was taken to 7 o'clock.

Hiram Gray was made permanent President. Horatio Seymour and John Kelly were chosen Electors at Large. The platform, after declarations somewhat similar to Lord's resolutions concludes:

Resolved, That we as American citizens and Democrats, devoted to the union and equality of the States, and to the honor and good name of the Federal Government hereby enter our solemn protest against the recent order of the Secretary of War, approved by the President of the United States to place Government troops in the Southern States with a view to intimidate the people and to control them, even by the government by the bayonet to take the place of a government through the ballot, an outrage which demands the condemnation of all who have Republican freedom and hate despotic power.

LATER.—Horatio Seymour has been nominated by acclamation.

FOREIGN.

Report of Another Battle—Montenegro Doesn't Want Mediation—Anxiety in Servia—The Russians About to Take the War in their Own Hands—Exaggerated Reports of Alexanzat Fighting, &c.

RAGUSA, Aug. 30.—It is reported that a battle was fought, yesterday, at Podgoritz. Details are wanting.

Djeleldin Pasha's command, including ten guns, has reached Terehing unopposed.

CETING, Aug. 21.—The Montegrin official newspaper publishes an article rejecting foreign mediation, and declaring that Servia and Montenegro will not abandon the conflict until the Servian provinces are completely freed from the Turkish yoke.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—A special from Belgrade to the *Times*, says: "The keenest anxiety is felt here. The prospect of an armistice every day increases the danger of the war spreading. The Servian army is fast becoming a Russian auxiliary force, fighting on Servian soil, the Russians exposing themselves in the brunt of the battle with remarkable valor. Out of forty-eight men who fought as a company at Alexanzat, thirty were left dead on the field. The Servians becoming jealous, and afraid of the Russians, feel the control of their army slipping from their hands, and will joyfully accept peace if it can be obtained on good terms."

The seven days' fighting before Alexanzat has been greatly exaggerated. It is estimated that the Servian's entire loss was only a few hundred killed and about twenty-three hundred wounded. No lists of the killed and wounded have been published since the beginning of the war.

ROME, Aug. 30.—It is affirmed that the cardinals have unanimously resolved to omit certain ceremonies in the election of a new Pope, in order to keep the conclave free from foreign powers.

ALABAMA.

Democratic Nomination—The Last Republican Governor Out for Tilden.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Aug. 30.—Hon. Jere N. Williams was nominated for Congress, to-day, from the Third District by the Democrats.

Hon. David P. Lewis, the last Republican Governor of Alabama, is out in a letter declaring for Tilden and Reform.

Republican Nominations in Connecticut—Jewell on the Electoral Ticket.

NEW HAVEN, CT., Aug. 30.—In the Republican State Convention, Jewell was President. The convention nominated the following electoral ticket at large: ex-President Theo. D. Woolsey, of Yale College, and Hon. Marshall Jewell, the District Elector. They were also chosen, and the old State ticket re-nominated.

Result of the Philadelphia Boat Race.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—The Beaverwicks won in 96; London second, Watkins third. The boats were so close at the finish, that it took the judges some time to decide. The Londoners were 18 inches behind the Beaverwicks, and the Watkins were close up.

The Yellow Fever Excitement in Savannah Subsided.

SAVANNAH, GA., Aug. 30.—The yellow fever here is not epidemic. There have been only thirty-nine reported cases during the season, and ten deaths up to date. The excitement has subsided.

The Molly Maguires Deny.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 30.—The persons arrested for the murder of Crosby Brady, allege that Brady was stealing oil at that time, and the Molly Maguires had nothing to do with the murder.

Coal Reduced in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Retail dealers have reduced the price of coal a dollar a ton.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Mecklenburg Court is in session.

Another rape has been committed in Mecklenburg. This time by a negro man upon a little negro girl 7 years old.

While some negroes were digging a tank in Charlotte, the dirt caved in and Monroe Harshaw was badly injured.

There are between 90 and 100 visitors at Cleaveland Springs.

Mr. Alexander Mitchell, an old citizen of Newbern, is dead.

The Wilmington Review has suspended permanently.

MONROE ENQUIRER: As Jim Winchester, a colored believer in Tilden and Vance, was coming up from the depot a few days ago he got into a conversation with some other negroes, when from some innocent, playful remark from Jim, a quarrel followed, and a fight ensued in which Jim was held by one of the negroes and badly abused and beaten by the other. After the fight was over, it was discovered from the insulting language and abuse of the two negroes, that the true cause of the quarrel and fight was that Jim was a d—d conservative, and belonged to the d—d white man's party. Another case of the same character happened here on last Sabbath.

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

WHOLESALE CASH PRICES.

Corrected by ADAMS & MOORE.

RALPH, August 26, 1876.

COTTON.

Market quiet. New York dull and lower. We quote:

Middlings, 10s 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts.

Low Middlings, 9s 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts.

Clean Stained, 8s 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts.

Deep, 7s 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts.

INTERIOR, 7s 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts.

General Market—Retail Prices.

Corrected by RAND & WYATT.

COTTON TIRES, new, 75 cents.

BAGGING, 15 lbs. per cwt.

Wool, North Carolina \$5.00 per lb.

CORN, 75 cents.

CORN MEAL, Shelled.

BACON, N. C., 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED HAM, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BUTTER, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED BISCUITS, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED POTATOES, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED BEANS, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED RICE, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED PUMPKIN, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED SWEET POTATOES, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED CABBAGE, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

BAKED CUCUMBERS, 10 lbs. 15 cents.

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